

#### **WSSFC 2025**

Quality of Life/Ethics Track - Session 1

# How to Say No, and Actually Follow Through: Mastering Boundaries for Lawyers

Presenter:

Matt Shin, Sidebar Counseling LLC, Wausau

#### **About the Presenter...**

**Matt Shin** is a psychotherapist and a formerly practicing attorney operating Sidebar Counseling LLC out of Wausau, Wisconsin. Leveraging his past legal experience working in a variety of practice areas and settings along with evidence-based approaches to fostering wellness and functioning, Matt provides counseling and consulting services to individuals, teams, and broader organizations. In his previous life, Matt operated a solo intellectual property practice, was in-house counsel at Mars Wrigley Confectionery, and practiced patent prosecution and IP litigation at Foley & Lardner. He obtained his J.D. from Washington University in Saint Louis and a Master's in Counseling from Northwestern University.

# How to Say No and Actually Follow Through: Mastering Boundaries for Lawyers

**Session Overview:** This continuing legal education session focuses on the critical skill of setting and maintaining professional boundaries. The presentation will cover practical strategies for saying no professionally, prioritizing self-care, and maintaining a sustainable and effective legal practice through effective boundary management.

#### **Section 1: Why Boundaries Are Difficult for Lawyers**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Understand the unique challenges lawyers face in setting boundaries
- Recognize how legal training impacts boundary-setting abilities
- Identify how fear affects boundary enforcement

#### **Content Coverage:**

- The role of fear in making boundary setting and enforcement difficult
- How law school training emphasizes sacrifice to achieve results
- Transition from structured academic environment to open-ended practice
- Lack of built-in safeguards for mental and physical health in legal practice
- The expectation to say "yes" for confidence, work accumulation, and practice growth
- Why saying "no" feels alien, foreign, and scary to legal professionals

#### **Section 2: Understanding What Boundaries Actually Are**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Define "boundary"
- Learn how boundaries improve professional reliability and consistency

#### **Content Coverage:**

Consider boundaries as property rights, including the ability to exclude

- The need for maintenance and enforcement to prevent difficult situations
- How boundaries improve reliability, consistency, and certainty in practice

#### **Section 3: Boundaries and Expectation Management**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Understand the relationship between boundaries and expectations
- Recognize the role of communication in boundary setting

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Definition of expectations as rules of engagement with others
- Recognition that both parties have their own separate expectations
- The importance of maximizing overlap between different expectations
- Poor communication as the primary cause of mismatched expectations
- Boundaries as communication tools for expectation alignment
- How boundary setting affects the ongoing evolution of expectations

#### **Section 4: Why Saying No Is So Difficult**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Identify emotional barriers to saying no
- Understand business and reputational concerns that complicate boundary setting

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Emotional factors: guilt and responsibility for case outcomes and client well-being
- People-pleasing tendencies and accommodating personalities in lawyers
- Perfectionist beliefs about always being available, responsive, and helpful
- Business concerns: fear of turning down work and losing referral relationships
- Reputational concerns: maintaining image as competent and capable
- Competitive field pressures and fear of being replaced
- The illusion of control through constant availability

#### Section 5: The Experience of Saying No vs. Receiving No

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Understand the psychological burden of legal knowledge when declining requests
- Learn how to provide value while declining specific requests
- Recognize the different perspectives of those requesting and declining help

#### **Content Coverage:**

- The stress and anxiety of saying no when receiving requests for help
- The burden of knowledge: understanding consequences, stakes, work droughts, overwhelm, and professional pressures
- The experience of hearing "no" as rejection when seeking help
- How underlying problems persist after receiving "no"
- How each interaction shapes evolving expectations and boundaries

#### **Section 6: The Power and Importance of No**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Understand "no" as an empowering and protective tool
- Learn how "no" creates opportunities for better alternatives
- Recognize "no" as the beginning of better solutions

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Problems created when "yes" hides deeper objections
- False "yes" responses create anger, stress, and anxiety
- "No" as a tool for control, autonomy, and maintaining status quo
- "No" protects from decisions not in one's best interest
- "No" as empowerment to establish wants and eliminate unwanted obligations
- Creating pathways to proper "yes" responses through initial "no"
- Using "no" to create space for consideration of alternatives
- "No" as the beginning of better solutions and outcomes

#### **Section 7: Triaging Requests: A Decision Framework**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Learn a systematic approach to evaluating requests
- Develop skills for emergency assessment and reality checking
- Understand priority-setting in the context of available resources

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Three-step decision analysis for incoming requests
  - Step 1: Emergency check determining true urgency and priority needs
  - Step 2: Reality check identifying distortions in perception of importance, recognizing unrealistic expectations and particular fears that distort judgment, objective assessment of circumstances and true priority level
  - Step 3: Priority assessment based on current capacity and available resources
- Decision-making framework for responding to requests appropriately

#### **Section 8: Framework for Saying No Professionally**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Master a three-step framework for declining requests professionally
- Learn to provide value while maintaining boundaries
- Develop skills for offering meaningful alternatives

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Three Step No:
  - Step 1: Acknowledging the outreach and demonstrating understanding
  - Step 2: Declining the specific request, making clear that the specific task, manner, or timing will not be done
  - Step 3: Offering alternatives that can still solve the requester's problem
- Types of alternatives: future availability, referrals, self-help resources, problem reframing
- Maintaining value provision while enforcing boundaries

#### **Section 9: Developing Scripts and Tools for Saying No**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Create personalized scripts for various boundary-setting scenarios
- Learn to adapt responses based on urgency and relationship
- Develop systems for continuous improvement of boundary-setting skills

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Building a library of scripts for different people and situations
- Creating variations of the three-step framework
- Accounting for different urgency levels in script development

- Importance of updating and revising scripts based on experience
- Learning from what works and what doesn't work effectively
- Adapting scripts for new situations and challenges

#### Section 10: Individual Capacity and Well-being

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Recognize the myth of infinite capacity in legal practice
- Understand the risks of single-domain focus on legal work
- Learn strategies for sustainable practice management

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Debunking the myth of infinite capacity to handle unlimited work
- How lawyers equate being busy with being worthy and valuable
- The problem of being able to work anytime, anywhere through constant thinking
- Resource depletion and its effects on efficiency, capability, and patience
- Risks of focusing exclusively on occupational domain where there are multiple domains of functioning: physical health, emotional health, relationships, spirituality
- Protecting overall well-being through diversified investment of time and energy

#### **Section 11: Strategies for Sustainable Practice**

#### **Learning Objectives:**

- Learn domain time designation techniques
- Develop expectation-setting strategies for stakeholders
- Master the skill of saying no to oneself

#### **Content Coverage:**

- Designating domain time: specific blocks for full presence in assigned tasks, giving permission to oneself to be fully present in the task at hand
- Increasing certainty for stakeholders and oneself through clear communication
- Understanding personal productivity patterns and optimal working conditions
- Communicating needs and timing to eliminate guesswork by others
- Learning to say no to oneself using the three-step framework
- Acknowledging and validating personal needs while declining harmful behaviors
- Offering alternatives to oneself for achieving goals in healthier ways

**Session Format:** Individual presentation with interactive elements

**Target Audience:** Practicing attorneys, legal professionals, law students

**Estimated Duration:** 60 minutes

#### 2025 Wisconsin Solo & Small Firm Conference

# How to Say No, and Actually Follow Through: Mastering Boundaries for Lawyers



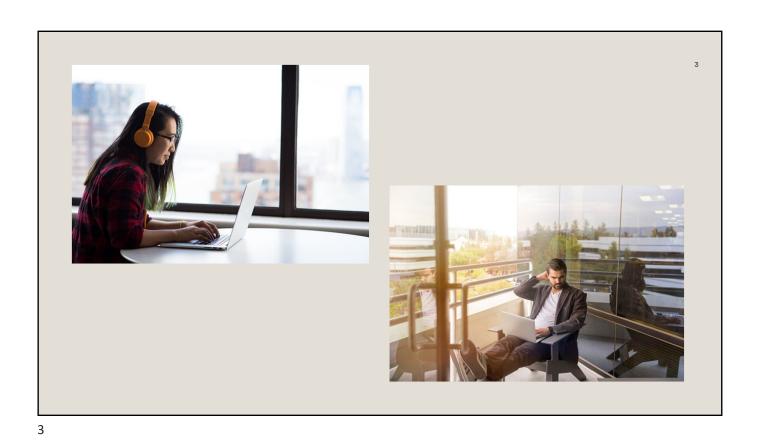
Matt Shin, J.D., M.A.

Owner, Psychotherapist

Sidebar Counseling, LLC

matt@sidebarcounseling.com







10.00.00

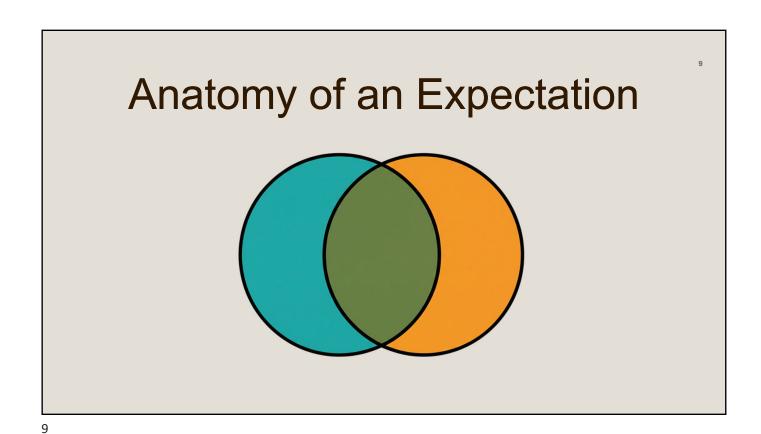
# What is a boundary?

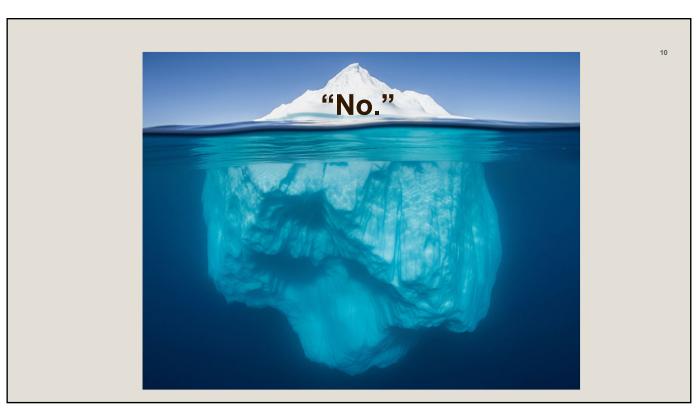


7

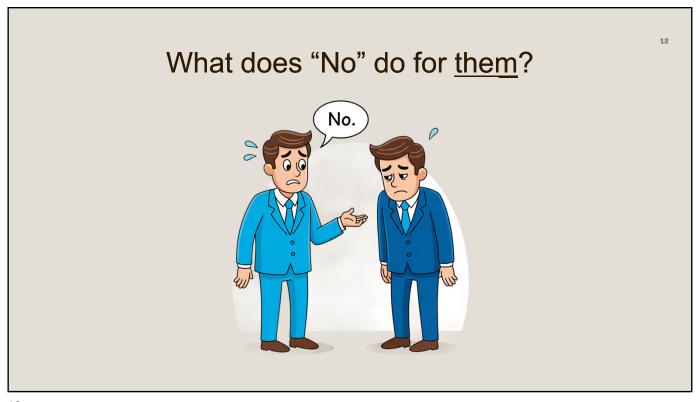
# Why are boundaries so difficult?









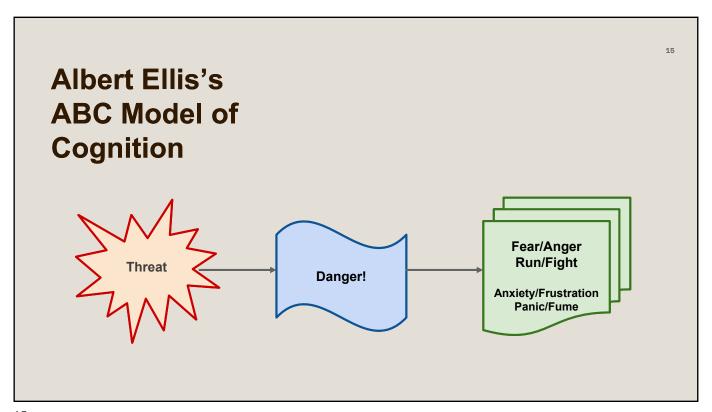


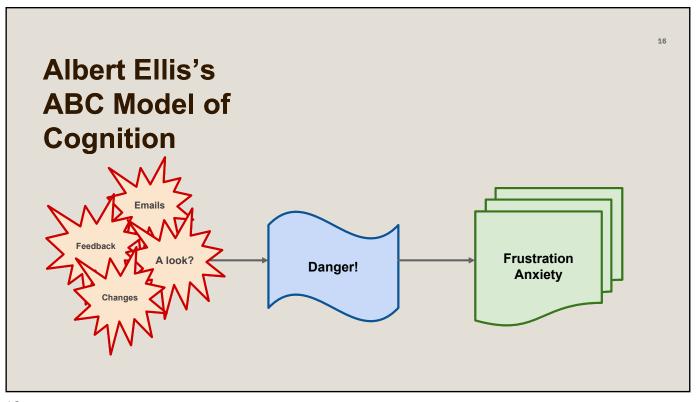
# First, can we say "No"? Emergency Check Reality Check Priority Check

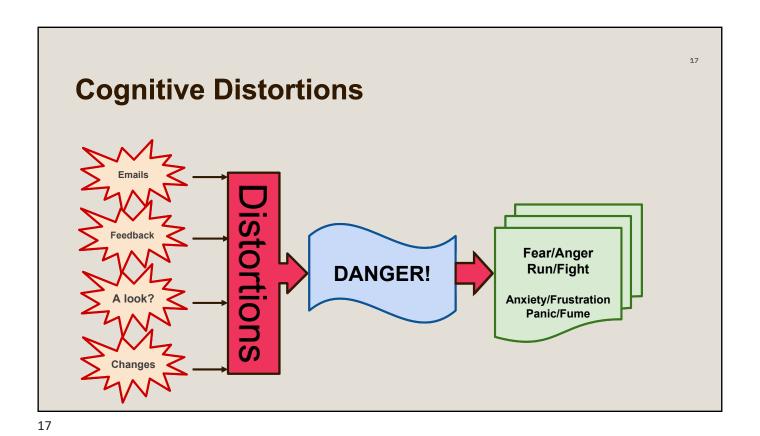
Albert Ellis's ABC Model of Cognition

Activating Beliefs (perception)

Beliefs (Emotional & Behavioral)





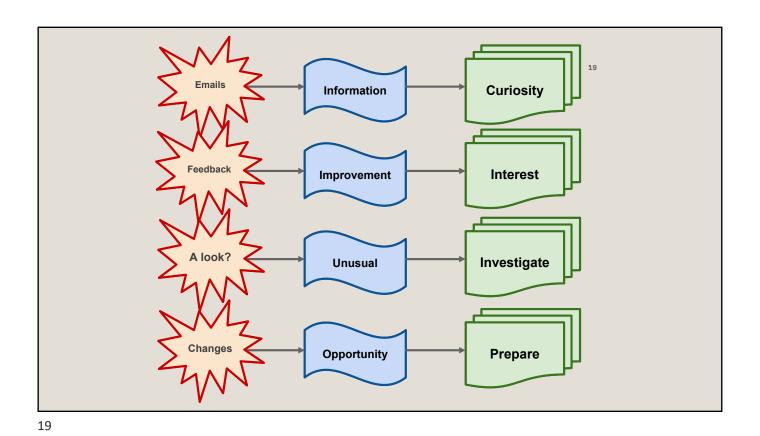


Challenge Your Distortions:

Interrogate Your Beliefs



- Are you distorting something?
- Is it really a threat to you?
- Is it worth the cost to you?
- Are you concerned about that?
- Do you want to be concerned about it?
- Is the person you want to be concerned about it?
- Is there something you can do about it right now?



A "No" Framework:

1. Acknowledge
2. Decline
3. Alternative

# **Example Alternatives:**

- Future Availability
- Referral
- Self-Help Guidance
- Reframe the Problem

21

22

## **Example Script:**

### "Following up—what's the status of [X]?"

"I know this is new for you and we're at a stressful stage of things.

I don't have access to my files and cannot offer a detailed update right now, but I know our next deadline is still a ways out.

I did notice that you've been checking in more often and I want to make sure you feel up to date. How would you feel about setting up monthly updates so I can provide you with updated information on a predictable schedule?"

# **Example Script:**

## "I have a quick question - call me."

"Thank you for reaching out and I'm glad to help.

I'm currently managing several time-sensitive matters and am unable to give your question the attention it deserves at the moment.

I can schedule a call for [specific time], or if you'd prefer to email the details, I can often provide a written response within [timeframe]."

23

24

# **Example Script:**

"Urgent! [This] just happened.

#### What do I do?"

"I see your message marked urgent and I want to make sure it is timely addressed.

I'm in [meetings/court/focused work time] until [specific time] but will review your situation and respond by [specific timeframe].

If this is an emergency that cannot wait until then, please call my [colleague] at [number] and they will be able to assist."

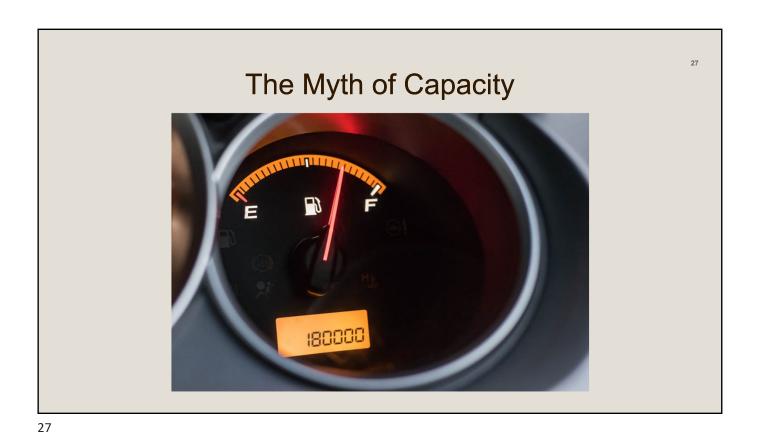
# **Scripts**

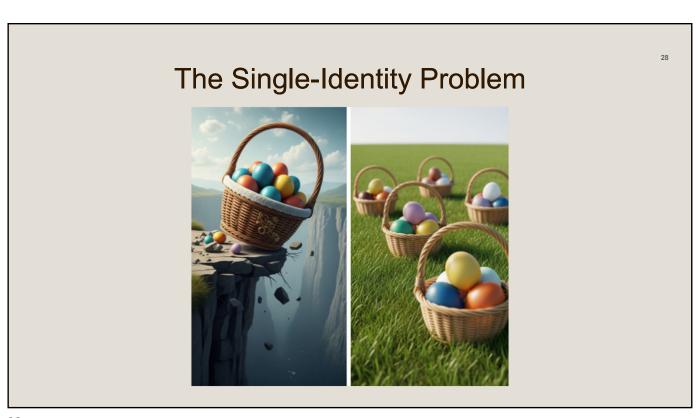
- Keep 3-4 versions for different urgency levels
- Include your turnaround times with a buffer
- Update and revise as you go

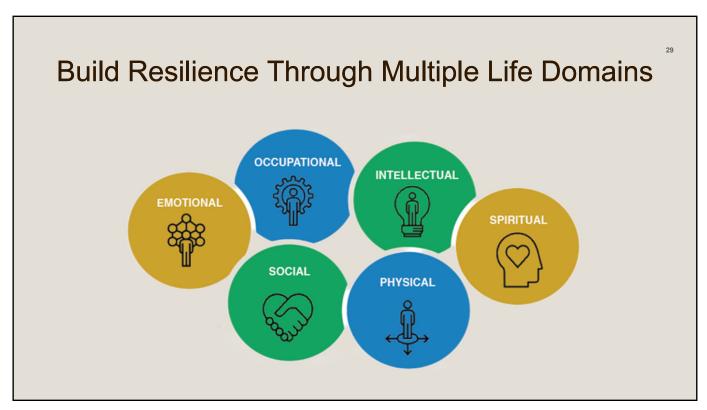
25

26

# "No" is a complete sentence.

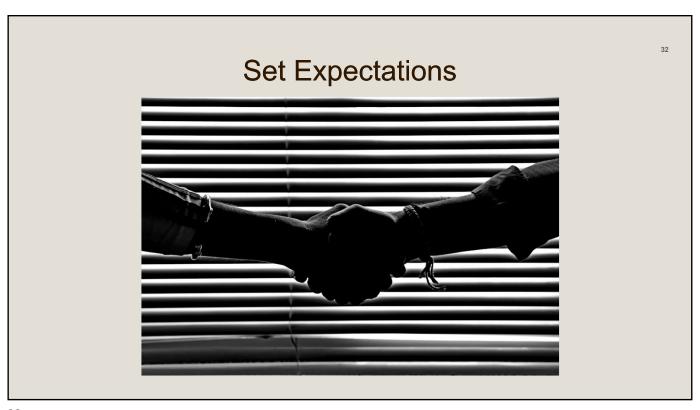






# Disconnection Strategies









33

2/1

"No" provides value.

"No" sets expectations.

"No" applies to self.

## Reach out.

Matt Shin, J.D., M.A.

Owner, Psychotherapist

Sidebar Counseling, LLC

matt@sidebarcounseling.com

