

Fond du Lac County Circuit Court Rules

(Fourth Judicial District)

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Court Rule No. 1 - Procedure for Adoption of Court Rules

1.1 Court rules, prior to adoption, shall be presented at (2) two successive monthly meetings of the Fond du Lac County judges.

1.2 Proposed rules shall be posted for public review in the Courthouse by the Clerk and copies shall be forwarded to the President and Secretary of the Fond du Lac County Bar Association at least thirty days prior to formal adoption.

1.3 Notice of proposed rules as described in Sections 1.1 and 1.2 shall constitute sufficient public notice.

1.4 Rules shall be adopted by written order of a majority of Fond du Lac County Circuit Judges, subject to approval of the Chief Judge.

1.5 Orders adopting rules shall specify an effective date.

1.6 Court rules as adopted shall be filed with the Clerk, and the Clerk shall provide copies to the President and Secretary of the Fond du Lac County Bar Association and the Chief Judge.

Court Rule No. 2 - Traffic and Non-traffic Forfeiture Pre-trials

2.1 The judges of the Fond du Lac County Circuit Court find that prompt pre-trials of forfeiture cases are necessary to reduce the contested caseload, reduce the number of mailed notices, and reduce the appearance of unnecessary witnesses, civilian and law enforcement.

2.2 Prosecuting attorneys of forfeiture cases for all the law enforcement agencies in Fond du Lac County are required to attend all return dates for their respective agencies.

2.3 The prosecuting attorney shall, immediately after the entry of a not guilty plea, confer with the defendant and attempt to resolve the contested case.

2.4 The prosecuting attorney shall on the same day of the pre-trial file a written pre-trial disposition report for each case settled by pre-trial, signed by both the prosecuting attorney and the individual defendant.

2.5 This pre-trial requirement shall only apply when the defendant appears personally on the return date to enter the plea; it does not apply to not guilty pleas made by mail or otherwise in advance of the return date. The clerk shall schedule a pre-trial date for cases having not guilty pleas made in advance of the return date.

2.6 Failure of a defendant to appear at a pre-trial scheduled by a mailed "notice and order to appear," may result in default judgment and/or permit the prosecutor to cancel witnesses for the trial date and move for default judgment upon non-appearance on the trial date.

Court Rule No. 3 - Family Court Hearing Procedures

3.1 SERVICE

1. Copies of all pleadings shall be served on the Family Court Commissioner. Upon service, each party will receive a Preliminary Scheduling Order requiring the parties to exchange specific information within 90 days of filing. Failure to comply with the Preliminary Scheduling Order may result in the imposition of sanctions by the Court or delay in scheduling such matters for contested hearings or trial.
2. Pursuant to Wis. Stat. 767.15, when any party or one or more of his or her children is presently receiving, has received, or has applied for public assistance (i.e., W-2, Wisconsin Works, Medical Assistance, Badger Care, Food Stamps, Child Care Assistance, Kinship Care or Foster Care), or an arrearage is owed to the State of Wisconsin, the moving party or the party receiving public assistance shall provide notice to Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency of the filing of any pleading and of any hearing scheduled on the pleading. Notice of all Family Court hearings shall be given to the Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency. Notice shall be provided to the Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency five days (eight days if by regular mail) prior to any scheduled hearing, and if no hearing is set, within twenty (20) days of service on the other party. Failure to provide timely notice to the Child Support Agency is grounds for adjournment of the hearing or reconsideration of the resulting orders.
3. Where either party is receiving, has received during the pendency of the action, or has applied for public assistance, the Marital Settlement Agreement shall be submitted to the Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency for approval as to form, after signature of all parties, including any guardian ad litem, and before submission to the Family Court Commissioner for approval.
4. Where either party is receiving, has received during the pendency of the action, or has applied for public assistance, a copy of the Findings, Conclusions and Judgment shall be filed by the attorney or party preparing same, with the Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency.
5. When a guardian ad litem has been appointed, the petitioner or the moving party shall serve a copy of all current pleadings, together with all relevant prior orders,

on the guardian ad litem, within twenty (20) days after receiving notice of the appointment.

3.2 PRE-TRIALS / PARENTING PLAN

Each parent is responsible for completing a proposed parenting plan on their own behalf and seeing that the original is filed with the Court and that both attorneys, the other parent if not represented by an attorney, the Family Court Commissioner and the guardian ad litem if appointed, receive a copy, in advance of any scheduled pre-trial hearing. In addition, other minimum documentation to be presented at any pre-trial hearing will consist of all documentation required pursuant to the Preliminary Scheduling Order.

3.3 DEFAULT HEARINGS (767.10)

1. The party requesting a default hearing certifies that a written stipulation, signed by both parties and approved by the Family Court Commissioner, has been filed at the time of the request for hearing, and that all statutory waiting periods have expired.
2. The moving party shall at the final hearing, before the case is called, provide the Clerk with a completed DHSS Divorce Certificate, Certificate of Mailing, Final Financial Disclosure Statement and Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Judgment of Divorce.

3.3 CONTESTED HEARINGS

Minimum documentation to be presented at trial by the moving party as exhibits will consist of all documentation required pursuant to the Preliminary Scheduling Order.

3.4 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS: FORM & CONTENT

A financial disclosure statement and verification of income for three (3) months prior to the hearing date must be filed by both parties before or at the time of any hearing concerning child support, maintenance, property division or any other financial matter, including but not limited to temporary order hearings, contempt hearings, final divorce hearings and hearings on motion to modify financial matters. A copy must be provided to the other party. A copy must be provided to Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency if public assistance is being received by either party. Failure of either party to timely file a complete financial disclosure statement as required shall authorize the Family Court Commissioner or Circuit Court Judge to accept the statement of the other party as accurate and complete.

3.5 ORDERS AND FIVE (5) DAY RULE

1. An order rendered by the Family Court Commissioner shall be reduced to writing by the moving party unless otherwise directed by the Family Court Commissioner.
2. All Orders for child support shall indicate how child support was calculated, and if the child support order contains a deviation from the percentage standards, the amount of deviation and the reason for the deviation pursuant to Wis. Stat. § 767.25(1n). If an Order fails to state a deviation and a reason for a deviation, child support shall be considered to have been calculated using the percentage standard.
3. In lieu of obtaining an opposing party's signature approving as to form any order, when the Court renders an oral ruling which must be reduced to writing, the party drafting such order or judgment may submit the proposed order or judgment to all

parties prior to submitting such order or judgment to the Court for its approval. The submission shall clearly reflect that the proposed order or judgment is being submitted under the five (5) day rule. An objection by any party to the form of the proposed order or judgment must be received by the Court within five (5) days of the receipt of the draft. Five (5) days shall not include weekends and holidays and shall be computed pursuant to Wis. Stat. 801.15(1). Upon expiration of the five (5) day period, the Court may sign the order or judgment as submitted, modify the order or judgment if the Court deems it appropriate, or schedule the matter for further proceedings. If the parties are unable to resolve disputes as to proposed orders, the parties shall obtain a transcript of any hearing on the record, splitting the cost of preparation of the transcript equally.

3.6 INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDER

Any order, either stipulated to or contested, establishing or modifying child support, family support or maintenance must be accompanied by an Order for Income Withholding or an Order Terminating/Suspending Income Withholding if the payer is employed. Said Order shall be prepared by the moving party unless otherwise prepared by the Family Court Commissioner with copies provided to the parties during the course of a hearing.

3.7 ARREARAGES

1. Unless otherwise provided by the Court, all child support, family support or maintenance arrearages for temporary maintenance and support incurred as a result of prior orders and before the granting of a Judgment of Divorce/Separation shall be carried forward as an arrearage in the Judgment of Divorce/Separation. Except as otherwise ordered, dismissal of a divorce/separation action upon stipulation of the parties or for failure to prosecute will result in expungement of all arrears except those owed to the state.
2. Unless the parties agree otherwise, or if it is shown by credible evidence that the records of the Wisconsin Support Collection Trust Fund are not accurate, the amount of any arrearage shall be as shown by the account history provided by the records of the Wisconsin Support Collection Trust Fund.

3.8 DE NOVO HEARINGS

1. Pursuant to Wis. Stat. 757.69(8), any party who was present at a hearing held by the Family Court Commissioner has the right to have the assigned Circuit Court Judge hold a new hearing upon the filing of a motion within 15 days of the oral decision of the Family Court Commissioner, or within 15 days of mailing of a written decision by the Family Court Commissioner if the order was not orally given by the Family Court Commissioner at the time of the hearing. Findings and orders entered by the Family Court Commissioner by stipulation or entered by default are not subject to de novo review. Fifteen (15) days shall be counted consecutively and include weekends and holidays pursuant to Wis. Stat. 801.15(1).
2. The party requesting the de novo review must notify in writing all interested parties, including the guardian ad litem, the Family Court Commissioner, the Family Court counselor and the Fond du Lac County Child Support Agency of the time and date for the hearing.
3. An order based on the decision of the Family Court Commissioner must be on file prior to the de novo hearing.

4. Notices or motions requesting a hearing de novo will not stay the order of the Family Court Commissioner unless the Circuit Court Judge assigned to the case specifically grants a stay of the order. Should a party request a hearing de novo, the Court will not proceed with any enforcement actions requested by that same party before the hearing de novo.
5. The Family Court Commissioner will not hear any motions to modify an order or temporary order if the matter is pending a de novo hearing or if the divorce trial has been held and the Circuit Court has taken the matter under advisement. The order in existence will remain in effect until the Circuit Court renders its decision.
6. The Circuit Court's subsequent de novo hearing order shall apply retroactively to the effective date of the Family Court Commissioner's order unless otherwise provided by the Circuit Court.

3.9 EX PARTE ORDERS

1. All requests for ex parte orders, whether prejudgment or post-judgment shall be submitted to the Family Court Commissioner, or if the Family Court Commissioner is unavailable, to the assigned Circuit Court Judge.
2. Motions for ex parte orders must be accompanied by:
 1. One or more affidavits of parties or lay witnesses alleging facts of which the affiant has personal knowledge and which, if true, constitute an emergency or other urgent circumstance justifying the issuance of the proposed order; or
 2. One or more affidavits of competent expert witnesses based on facts of record or alleged in proper affidavits, constituting an emergency or other urgent circumstance justifying the issuance of the proposed order.
3. All requests for an ex parte order shall contain a return date before the Family Court Commissioner within seven (7) days of filing and shall contain language which (a) extends the ex parte order only until the date and time of the hearing and (b) specifically permits modification or revision by the Family Court Commissioner or Circuit Court Judge.
4. If service is not obtained by the date of the hearing, a separate application for a new ex parte order must be obtained from the Family Court Commissioner or assigned Circuit Court Judge.
5. It is the responsibility of the person or attorney who has obtained the ex parte order to notify all counsel of record, including any guardian ad litem, and pro se parties of the ex parte order and the date and the time of hearing. The party obtaining an ex parte order shall provide copies of the pleadings and ex parte order to all counsel of record, including any guardian ad litem, and pro se parties at least 48 hours prior to the scheduled hearing.

3.10 GUARDIAN AD LITEM

1. A guardian ad litem may be appointed by stipulation or following a motion hearing, wherein appropriate statutory findings have been made and/or mediation has been attempted. A guardian ad litem appointed by stipulation of the parties

shall only be appointed upon payment of the full guardian ad litem deposit as ordered by the Court.

2. Upon appointment of a guardian ad litem in any action affecting the family, each party to the action, unless otherwise ordered by the Court, shall make a prepayment toward the guardian ad litem fees in the amount ordered by the Court. Failure of either party to pay guardian ad litem fees during the pendency of any action may result in the imposition of sanctions by the Court, dismissal of the guardian ad litem appointment or delay in scheduling matters for contested hearings or trial.
3. If any party believes that he or she is indigent and entitled to a waiver or reduction of the prepayment toward the guardian ad litem fees, that party shall file a Petition for Waiver/Reduction of Custody Study and/or Guardian ad Litem Fee Deposit; Affidavit of Indigency and Order provided by the Office of the Family Court Commissioner. The Court may waive all or part of the advance fee, and may order the non-indigent party to pay the entire deposit.
4. Petitions for waiver or reduction of costs and fees shall be submitted for review by the Family Court Commissioner. The Family Court Commissioner may question the petitioner regarding income, employment and related information alleged and/or request supporting documentation. Payment or receipt of child support and/or maintenance, liquid assets, equity in real estate, and/or other substantial assets shall also be considered. The Family Court Commissioner may grant the waiver, deny the waiver but defer payment to a date certain, or deny the waiver and require payment as ordered. In the event of a waiver, at any time before or upon the conclusion of the case, the Family Court Commissioner may order either or both of the parties to pay the costs and fees in part or in full. Furthermore, reimbursement may be ordered when a party is no longer indigent.
5. Guardian ad litem fees shall be shared equally between the parties, unless otherwise allocated by the Court based upon stated findings, but the parties shall in any event be jointly and severally responsible for full payment of all guardian ad litem fees billed to Fond du Lac County. Upon conclusion of the matter, a judgment will be entered in favor of Fond du Lac County for reimbursement of fees paid, and real estate owned now or in the future by either party is subject to a lien in favor of the county. Any amounts unpaid under the order of the Court may be referred to the office of the Fond du Lac County Corporation Counsel for appropriate legal action and collection proceedings

3.11 Custody Studies

1. Upon completion of the guardian ad litem investigation and recommendation, the guardian ad litem, either party, or the Court may request that a custody study be ordered. The Family Court Commissioner may order a custody study to be coordinated through Family Court Services. The responsibilities for Family Court Services and the purpose and scope of the study are as set forth in Wis. Stat. 767.11 (14). In addition, the custody study may include a psychological evaluation and/or opinions of other experts.
2. An attorney for any party, the guardian ad litem and any unrepresented party may obtain a copy of a custody study report prepared by Family Court Services in any case involving said guardian ad litem, attorney for any party or unrepresented

- party. The original custody study report shall be filed with the Court and sealed within the Court file. Copies of the reports shall be released to an attorney for any party. Copies of the reports shall not be distributed directly to the parties, but an attorney may share the reports by allowing a client to read the report in the attorney's office or some other supervised designation. If a party does not have an attorney, the party may make arrangements to review the report under supervision of Family Court Services.
3. Said report shall not be reproduced in any fashion by any attorney, guardian ad litem or unrepresented party. Any attorney, guardian ad litem or unrepresented party shall be advised that the contents of such report shall not be disclosed to any other person or persons other than a party to the case wherein the custody study has occurred. All copies of the report shall be returned to Family Court Services or the Court upon completion of the case.
 4. Custody study fees, including fees for psychological evaluations must be paid in full prior to commencement of the study unless otherwise ordered by the Court. Failure of either party to pay fees as ordered may result in the imposition of sanctions by the Court, dismissal of the guardian ad litem and/or custody study or delay in scheduling matters for contested hearings or trial. If either party should fail to pay any fee assessed by Family Court Services, Family Court Services shall notify the Family Court Commissioner in writing and the Family Court Commissioner in his/her discretion may deny a request for a copy of the custody study report until the requesting party pays outstanding fees.
 5. Custody study fees shall be shared equally between the parties, unless otherwise allocated by the Court based upon stated findings, but the parties shall in any event be jointly and severally responsible for full payment of all custody study fees billed to Fond du Lac County, including Family Court Services fees, guardian ad litem fees, psychological evaluation fees, and other expert fees. Upon conclusion of the matter, a judgment will be entered in favor of Fond du Lac County for reimbursement of fees paid, and real estate owned now or in the future by either party is subject to a lien in favor of the county. Any amounts unpaid under the order of the Court may be referred to the office of the Fond du Lac County Corporation Counsel for appropriate legal action and collection proceedings.

3.12 PRO SE PARTIES

A person acting on his or her own behalf as an attorney, is held to the same standards and duties as an attorney admitted to the practice of law in the State of Wisconsin and is expected to know what the law requires and how to accomplish his/her purpose(s) in accordance with the applicable statutes and Court rules. No Court employee will instruct or inform any person proceeding on a pro se basis, how to proceed or what to do.

Revised: June 2006

Court Rule No. 4 - Form CR-227 Requirement for Plea Hearings

4.1 The judges of the Fond du Lac County Circuit Court find that the use of a Form CR-227 at criminal plea hearings adds valuable written evidence of the voluntariness of the plea and an understanding waiver by the defendant of his rights attendant to a jury trial.

4.2 Use of the form shall be in addition to, and not a substitute for, an on-the-record interchange between the court and the defendant to establish the waiver of those rights and voluntariness of the plea; the extent of that on-the-record interchange shall be determined on a case-by-case basis at the discretion of the presiding judge, prosecuting attorney, and the defense counsel.

4.3 The defendant is required in all criminal cases, including criminal traffic, to complete a Form CR-227 and submit it to the presiding judge at the opening of the plea hearing. The defendant's attorney shall personally assist the defendant in completion of the form; if the defendant is without counsel, the District Attorney shall be responsible for the completion and filing of the form.

4.4 Form CR-227 shall be a filed document and part of the record on appeal.

Court Rule No. 5 - Small Claims Procedure

Amended effective July 23, 2015

5.1 SERVICE OF SUMMONS:

Service of summons in all actions under Chapter 799, except evictions actions and replevin actions, is authorized by mail as indicated in s.799.12(3) in lieu of personal or substituted service under s.801.11. Service by mail to obtain a personal judgment shall be limited to the county where the action is commenced.

5.2 PLEADINGS:

1. Except in Chapter 425 actions, all Small Claims summons and complaints shall be on the uniform printed form, available from the Clerk of Court.
2. The simple form of Small Claims Complaint cannot be used in Chapter 425 actions. Instead, the plaintiffs will have to draft their own pleadings. The form of Summons is set forth in Wis. Stats. 425.205(2), and the contents of the complaint required are set forth in 425.205(3). In Chapter 425 actions the plaintiff must incorporate the Notice of Right to Cure Default form as an exhibit to his complaint.
3. In money judgment actions, where the plaintiff is represented by a collection agency, the plaintiff should insert in Paragraph 3 of the Complaint the following: Name, address, and telephone number of agent for the plaintiff that the defendant may contact to discuss the account.
4. In eviction actions the plaintiff should file with the original Complaint the Notice Terminating Tenancy and Proof of Service of that Notice.
5. ANSWER: All defendants who appear pro se on the return date will be provided with one copy of the Answer form, which they must fill out and file with the Clerk no later than the return date if they contest the claim. A copy of the Answer will be mailed by the Clerk's Office to the Plaintiff, or attorney for the plaintiff, along with the Notice of Trial when that document is eventually sent. 799.06(1)
6. VERIFICATIONS: Garnishment pleadings need not be verified. 812.04(3). Verification of the Complaint in a principal action on contract for recovery of money is indirectly required by Wis. Stats. 799.22(3). That section requires, in default judgments; that either the Judge or Clerk may enter a default judgment in

such action upon receipt of a verified complaint, affidavit of facts, sworn testimony, or other evidence. The practical solution, because of the large volume of default judgments in contract actions, is to require that the original Complaint be verified.

5.3 RETURN DATES:

1. Effective June 30, 2014 all Small Claims cases shall be returnable on Mondays at 9:00 a.m. or 9:30 a.m.
2. All Small Claims cases shall be returnable before, and called by, the presiding Intake Judge.
3. Both plaintiff and the defendant must appear on the return date, either in person, by attorney, or other authorized agent. 799.22(1)&(2)
4. If the defendant is a nonresident of the State of Wisconsin, the defendant may join issue in any Small Claims action without appearing on the return date by answering by mail, provided such answer is received by the Clerk of Circuit Court of Fond du Lac County no later than the return date.
5. Unless the court's calendar requires an adjournment, eviction actions shall be tried on the return date.

5.4 MEDIATION:

1. If a dispute exists on the return date, both parties shall be required to attend a mediation orientation meeting, go through the mediation process and execute the mediation service documents, as presented, before being scheduled for a trial. This will follow the call of the court calendar for that return date. A representative of the Fond du Lac Conflict Resolution Center, Inc. will be present in court to show the parties where to go.
2. Failure to go through the mediation orientation meeting and mediation session, failure to appear at any subsequently-agreed upon mediation session, failure to execute mediation service documents, as presented, and a failure to mediate in good faith, may result in the entry of a default judgment or a dismissal, with costs, with or without prejudice, as appropriate.
3. If the parties cannot reach an agreement after attempting mediation, a hearing on the merits shall be held before the court, when scheduled. Notice of the hearing will be mailed to the parties, informing them of the scheduled date.

Court Rule No. 6 - Family Court Commissioner Assignments

6.1 The purpose of this rule is to codify the existing practice with respect to hearings before the Family Court Commissioner and to expand his authority where authorized by statute to relieve the burden placed on the judges by adoption of the Intake Court System effective August 1, 1986.

6.2 PATERNITIES

As authorized by Wisconsin Stats. 767.458 and 767.46, the Family Court Commissioner shall preside over all first appearances and pretrials in paternity proceedings, and shall determine support and enter judgments if the alleged father voluntarily acknowledges paternity of the child. If paternity remains contested after pretrial hearing and receipt of blood test reports, the Family Court Commissioner shall notify the judge actually assigned the case so it can be set for trial.

6.3 DIVORCE FINAL HEARINGS

The Family Court Commissioner, pursuant to Wisconsin Stats. 767.13(5)(a), may preside at any hearing held to determine whether a judgment of divorce shall be granted, if both parties state that the marriage is irretrievably broken and that all issues, including but not limited to division of property or estate, legal custody, physical placement, child support, spousal maintenance and family support, are resolved, or if one party does not participate in the action for divorce.

6.4 ENFORCEMENT OR REVISION OF JUDGMENTS

The family Court Commissioner may, as authorized by Wisconsin Stats. 767.13(5)(b), conduct hearings and enter judgments in all post-judgment actions for enforcement of or revision of judgment for maintenance, child support arising out of divorce, paternity, or URESA proceedings, custody, physical placement, or visitation.

6.5 DOMESTIC ABUSE AND HARASSMENT INJUNCTIONS (813.12 & 813.125)

The Family Court Commissioner shall review all domestic abuse petitions under Wisconsin Stats. 813.12, all harassment petitions under Wisconsin Stats. 813.125, issue temporary restraining orders where appropriate, and preside at the final hearings for injunctive relief under 813.12(4) and 813.125(4).

Court Rule No. 7 - Facsimile Transmission of Documents

7.1 Facsimile documents transmitted directly to the courts shall be accepted for filing only if:

- a. The circuit court has a facsimile machine capable of reproducing documents that meet Supreme Court Rule 72.01 concerning retention of filed documents. Only plain-paper facsimile machines currently comply with this requirement.
- b. The circuit court has a facsimile machine physically located within the offices of the clerk of circuit court or the register in probate.
- c. The circuit court has a telephone line designated for a fax transmission.
- d. The document does not exceed fifteen (15) pages in length, excluding cover sheet.
- e. No filing fee required.

7.2 Facsimile documents transmitted to a non-court agency, party or company for reception and ultimate transmittal to the court shall be accepted for filing only if:

- a. No filing fee is required.
- b. The transmission complies with the local rule or has been approved by the assigned judge or court commissioner and certified by the party or attorney.

7.3 The party transmitting the facsimile document is solely responsible for ensuring its timely and complete receipt.

7.4 The circuit court, judge or clerk is not responsible for:

- a. Errors or failures in transmission that result in missing or illegible documents.
- b. Periods when a circuit court facsimile machine is not operational for any reason.

7.5 A judge assigned to a particular matter may authorize in advance, the filing of particular documents in that case that do not conform to these rules if good cause is shown and they are in conformance with ss. 801.16. The attorney filing said documents shall certify that he/she has received said authorization.

7.6 Documents that are not to be filed but are to be used by the court for reference or other purpose may be transmitted by facsimile transmission at the discretion of the judge or clerk.

7.7 Facsimile papers are considered filed upon receipt by the clerk of circuit court and are the official record of the court and may not be substituted. No additional copies may be sent. The clerk of circuit court shall discard any duplicate papers subsequently received by the clerk of circuit court, assigned judge, or court commissioner.

Revised: December 2017

Court Rule No. 8 - Mortgage Foreclosure Procedure

That in all foreclosure actions, the plaintiff shall attach to the Summons and Complaint served upon the defendant/homeowner the following printed forms that can be downloaded from the Fond du Lac County website or will be available at the Fond du Lac county Clerk of Courts Office:

1. Notice of Availability of Mediation
2. Application for Mediation

Court Rule No. 9 - Concealed Weapons in Courtrooms

It is Ordered that no one other than a Fond du Lac County Judge, or on-duty sworn law enforcement personnel may go armed with a weapon in any courtroom, Commissioner hearing room or chambers area, in the Fond du Lac County Courthouse without prior written consent of the Circuit Court Judge or Circuit Court Commissioner then and there presiding.

It is Ordered that violations of this order are punishable by contempt sanctions which may include, without limitations, fines, imprisonment and/or confiscation of weapons.